# SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to the UN GHS revision 9

Creation Date: July 15, 2019 Revision Date: April 16, 2024

# **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1.1 GHS Product identifier

**Product name** 2-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol

1.2 Other means of identification

Product number 126-11-4

Other names Trimethylolnitromethane; 2-(HYDROXYMETHYL)-2-NITRO-1,3-PROPANEDIOL; 2-

Hydroxymethyl-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses** For laboratory and Industrial use only.

Uses advised against no data available

1.4 Supplier's details

Company Zhongshan Greenrock Technology Co., Ltd.

Address Jinsan Avenue, Sanjiao Town, Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, China

Telephone +86-2087066781

1.5 Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number +86-2087066781

Service hours 'Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

# 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)





Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s) H302 Harmful if swallowed

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

**Prevention** P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P330 Rinse mouth. P391 Collect spillage.

Storage none

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in

accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

## 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

# **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if needed. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary . Monitor for shock and treat if necessary . Anticipate seizures and treat if necessary . For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport . Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool . Cover skin burns with dry sterile dressings after decontamination . Poison A and B

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

## 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

If a spill occurs, clean it up promptly. Don't wash it away. Instead, sprinkle the spill with sawdust, vermiculite, or kitty litter. Sweep it into a plastic garbage bag, and dispose of it as directed on the pesticide product label.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Safe Storage of Pesticides. Always store pesticides in their original containers, complete with labels that list ingredients, directions for use, and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning. Never store pesticides in cabinets with or near food, animal feed, or medical supplies. Do not store pesticides in places where flooding is possible or in places where they might spill or leak into wells, drains, ground water, or surface water.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### Biological limit values

no data available

# 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state Liquid

Colour Crystals from ethyl acetate and benzene

Odour Odorless
Melting point/freezing point 214°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and 89°C/2mmHg(lit.)

boiling range

Flammability no data available Lower and upper explosion no data available

limit/flammability limit

Flash point 38°C(lit.)
Auto-ignition temperature no data available
Decomposition temperature no data available
pH no data available
Kinematic viscosity no data available

Solubility Soluble in polar solvents such as methanol and isopropanol. Insoluble in non-polar solvents such

as aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water log Kow = -1.66 at 25 deg C (est)

Vapour pressure 8.21E-10mmHg at 25°C

Density and/or relative density1.512 g/cm3Relative vapour densityno data availableParticle characteristicsno data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol/ is stable only under acidic conditions of pH 5.0 and below, and is unstable and decomposes to formaldehyde under alkaline conditions and at temperatures above 49 deg C.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

The antimicrobial properties of 2-(hydroxymethyl)2-nitro-1,3-propanediol are due in large part to the slow release over time of formaldehyde (HCHO) from the active ingredient under alkaline conditions. The rate of release is highly dependent on the pH of the solution and on the temperature (the higher the pH of the solution and/or the higher the temperature, the faster the release). Since

formaldehyde has significant toxic effect of its own, and has also been classified ... as a ... (probable human) carcinogen, the toxicity of formaldehyde is a primary consideration in evaluating the toxicity of 2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol ...

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /nitrogen oxide/.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 Rat oral 1900 mg/kg
- Inhalation: no data available
  Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

no data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

#### Aspiration hazard

no data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 **Toxicity**

- Toxicity to fish: LC50 Pimephales promelas (Fathead minnow) 280 ppm/96 hr; static /Formulated product
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea; intoxication, immobilization) 80 ppm/48 hr; static /Formulated product
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

# Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 1.3 was calculated for 2-hydroxymethyl-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol(SRC), using an estimated log Kow of -1.66(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of 2-hydroxymethyl-2-nitro-1,3-propanediol can be estimated to be 10(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that 2-hydroxymethyl-2-nitro-1,3propanediol is expected to have very high mobility in soil.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing.

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: UN1224 (For reference only, please IMDG: UN1224 (For reference only, please IATA: UN1224 (For reference only, please check.) check.)

# 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: KETONES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: KETONES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: KETONES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

#### 14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: II (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: II (For reference only, please check.) IATA: II (For reference only, please check.)

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

| Chemical name  | Common names and synonyms   | CAS number | EC number   |
|--|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Nitromethylidynetrimethanol  | Nitromethylidynetrimethanol | 126-11-4   | 204-769-5   |
| European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)   |                             |            | Listed.     |
| EC Inventory   |                             |            | Listed.     |
| United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory              |                             |            | Listed.     |
| China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015                                |                             |            | Not Listed. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)                               |                             |            | Listed.     |
| Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)       |                             |            | Listed.     |
| Vietnam National Chemical Inventory                                      |                             |            | Listed.     |
| Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC) |                             |            | Listed.     |
| Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)                                     |                             |            | Listed.     |

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Information on revision

Creation DateJuly 15, 2019Revision DateApril 16, 2024

# Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

## References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
   eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:
- http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

  CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

  ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

  ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

  Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

# Any questions regarding this SDS, Please send your inquiry to export@greenrockchem.com

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