# SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to the UN GHS revision 9

Version: 1.1 Creation Date: July 15, 2019 Revision Date: April 12, 2024

TION 1: Identification			
GHS Product identifier			
Product name	1,6-Bis(acryloyloxy)hexane		
Other means of identification			
Product number Other names	13048-33-4 Hexane-1,6-diyl diacrylate; 1,6-Bis(acryloyloxy)hexane; Hexamethylene Glycol Diacrylate		
1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use			
Identified uses Uses advised against	For laboratory and Industrial use only. no data available		
Supplier's details			
Company Address Telephone	Zhongshan Greenrock Technology Co., Ltd. Jinsan Avenue, Sanjiao Town, Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, China +86-2087066781		
Emergency phone number			
Emergency phone number Service hours	+86-2087066781 'Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).		
	<ul> <li>Product name</li> <li>Other means of identification</li> <li>Product number</li> <li>Other names</li> <li>Recommended use of the constraint of the</li></ul>		

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin irritation, Category 2 Eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1

## 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement(s)	H315 Causes skin irritation
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
Precautionary statement(s)	
Prevention	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/
	P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/
-	P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
	P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
	P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
Storage	none
Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

no data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
1,6-Bis(acryloyloxy)hexane	Hexamethylene diacrylate	13048-33-4	235-921-9	100%

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Excerpt from ERG Guide 171 [Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard)]: Inhalation of material may be harmful. Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes. Inhalation of Asbestos dust may have a damaging effect on the lungs. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Some liquids produce vapors that may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control may cause pollution. (ERG, 2016)

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if needed. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary . Monitor for shock and treat if necessary . Anticipate seizures and treat if necessary . For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport . Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool . Cover skin burns with dry sterile dressings after decontamination . Poison A and B

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Fires involving this material can be controlled with a dry chemical, carbon dioxide or Halon extinguisher. (NTP, 1992)

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This chemical is probably combustible. (NTP, 1992)

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The effectiveness of phenolic inhibitors is dependent on the presence of oxygen and the monomers must be stored under air rather than an inert atmosphere. Temp must be kept low to minimize formation of peroxides and other products. Moisture may cause rust-initiated polymerization. Acrylic acid & derivatives

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

#### 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state	PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: Clear yellow liquid. (NTP, 1992)
Colour	no data available
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	6°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	295°С
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	>110°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	less than 0.1 mg/mL at 64° F (NTP, 1992)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	log Kow = 3.08 /Estimated/
Vapour pressure	<0.01 mm Hg ( 20 °C)
Density and/or relative density	1.01
Relative vapour density	>1 (vs air)
Particle characteristics	no data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

1,6-HEXANEDIOL DIACRYLATE is temperature sensitive (NTP, 1992). May react vigorously with strong oxidizing agents. May react exothermically with reducing agents to release gaseous hydrogen. Can undergo very exothermic addition polymerization reactions. May undergo autoxidation upon exposure to the air to form explosive peroxides.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 Rat oral 5 g/kg
  Inhalation: no data available
  Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### Toxicity 12.1

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
  Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN Number ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference reference only, please check.) only, please check.) only, please check.) 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference reference only, please check.) only, please check.) only, please check.) 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference reference only, please check.) only, please check.) only, please check.) 14.4 Packing group, if applicable ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference reference only, please check.) only, please check.) only, please check.) 14.5 Environmental hazards ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No 14.6 Special precautions for user no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Hexamethylene diacrylate	Hexamethylene diacrylate	13048-33-4	235-921-9
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			Listed.
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)			Listed.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Information on revision Creation Date July 15, 2019

citation Date	<i>vary</i> 10, 2019
Revision Date	April 12, 2024

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
  LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LC50: Lethal Concentration
  LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home ٠
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm •
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
  eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

- •
- http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp ٠
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

## Any questions regarding this SDS, Please send your inquiry to export@greenrockchem.com

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.